

Guam Department of Public Health and Social Services Division of Public Health 155 Hesler Pl || Hagatna, GU 96910



WEEKLY GASTROENTERIC ILLNESS EPIDEMIOLOGY REPORT

11 MARCH 2025

Enteric Disease || Multistate Outbreaks

KEY POINTS

- Figure 1¹ illustrates the number of multistate outbreaks associated with Salmonella, STEC, Shigella, Campylobacter, and Vibrio, detected by the Centers for Disease Control and Preventions (CDC's) Bacteria, Enterics, Ameba, and Mycotics (BEAM) Dashboard.
- No new multistate outbreaks have been detected or reported for the month of January and February 2025. Multistate outbreaks in the second half of 2024 and 2025 have
- consistently remained below the 5-yr rolling average.



Figure 1. Multistate outbreaks of Salmonella, STEC, Shigella, Campylobacter, and Vibriosis, 2024-2025.

¹CDC BEAM Dashboard



Enteric Disease || Multistate Outbreaks

KEY POINTS

- Figure 2¹ represents the proportion of outbreaks associated with Salmonella, STEC, Shigella, Campylobacter, and Vibrio.
- The majority of outbreaks for 2024 have been associated with Salmonella <u>spp</u>; of the Salmonella spp., Salmonella Enteritidis accounted for 42% of Salmonella outbreaks, followed by Newport (22%) and Tyhpimurium (6%).
- However, September and October detected higher STEC reports, with O157:H7 being the dominant serotype.

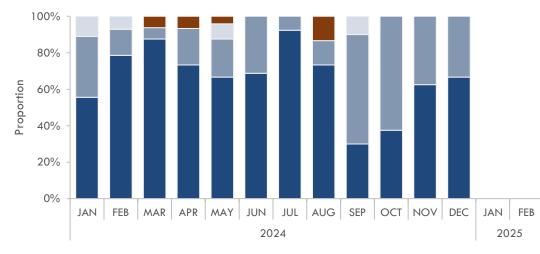


Figure 2. Proportion of multistate outbreaks, US, by bacteria, 2024-25

- **Figure 3**² represents the proportion of cases associated with enteric illness-causing pathogens reported in Guam. Concordant to **Figure 2**, the dominant pathogen associated with enteric illness in Guam is Salmonella (unknown serotype), followed by Campylobacter and Vibriosis.
- No enteric disease-based laboratory tests were detected in February 2025 in Guam.
- Note: **Figure 2** represents <u>outbreaks</u> reported in the US; **Figure 3** represents <u>cases</u> detected in Guam.

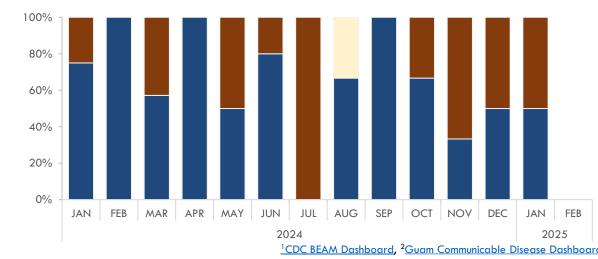


Figure 3. Proportion of cases detected in Guam, by bacteria, 2024-25

SHIG

STEC

SALM

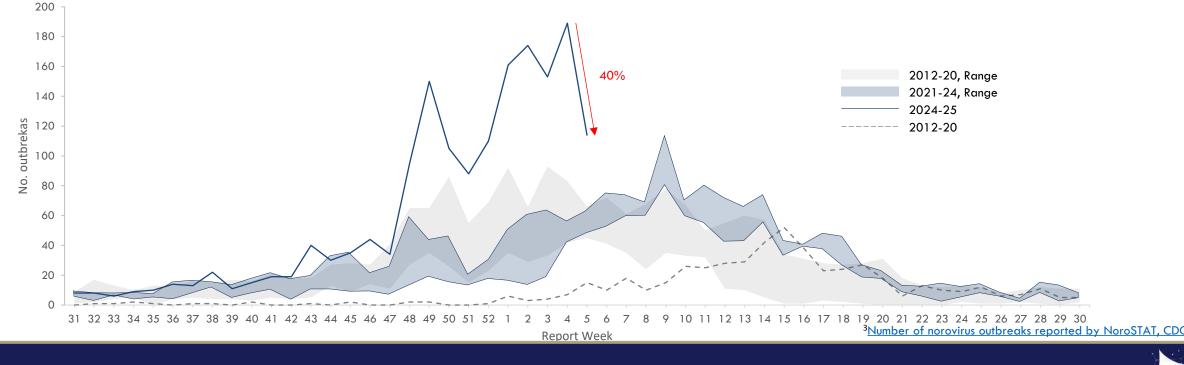
Enteric Disease || Nationwide Norovirus Update

KEY POINTS

- The number of outbreaks associated with norovirus in the US continue to exceed historical trends, although a decrease is observed in the last week of January (Figure 4).³
- In late 2024 to 2025 norovirus reports were detected 3 to 4 times more outbreaks than the max number of outbreaks in the preceding 3-yr range.
- Despite a 40% reduction in reports from late January to early February 2025, the number of outbreaks for 2024-25 is approximately twice the number recorded in 2021-24 for the same week.

There were no updates to NoroSTAT at the time of this report.

Figure 4. Suspected and confirmed norovirus outbreaks by week, NoroSTAT participating states, 2012-2025.

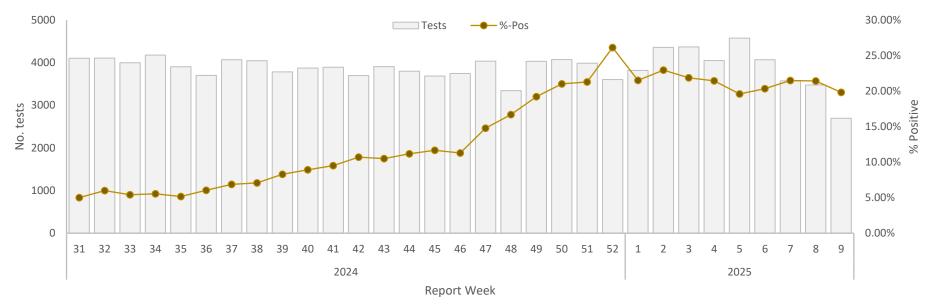


Enteric Disease || Nationwide Norovirus Update

KEY POINTS

- Figure 5 illustrates the combined weekly testing volume and percent positive for norovirus tests reported through the US National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS).
- > Testing volume continues downward; however, the percent positive remains steady at approximately at 20%.
- Based on Guam's data (next slide), consideration should be given to the increased incidence of norovirus based on testing characteristics.

Figure 5. Norovirus weekly test volume and %-positive, NREVSS, 2024-25.



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⁴Norovirus weekly tests NREVSS, CDC

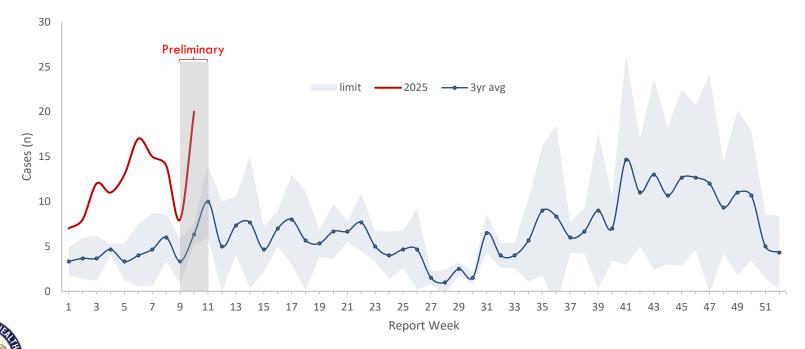


Enteric Disease || Local Update

KEY POINTS

- Guam continues to see reports of acute gastroenteritis in excess of what has been detected in previous years (Figure 6).²
- January 2025 has consistently reported an increase of 40% in reported cases.

Figure 6. Acute gastroenteritis weekly reports, Guam, 2025.



- There was a sudden increase of AGE cases toward the end of February 2025, entering March. This aligns with what has been observed historically, yet exceeds the thresholds.
- Table 1 represents the total number of cases by pathogen for 2024-2025, in Guam.²

Table 1	Ι.	Reports	by	pathogen,	Guam,	2024-25.
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Pathogen	2024	2025
Campylobacteriosis	4	2
Cryptosporidiosis	1	0
Hepatitis A	1	0
Salmonellosis	36	2
STEC (O157:H7)	0	0
Shigellosis	0	0
Vibriosis	1	0
Clostridium difficile	14	1
Norovirus	21	4
Rotavirus	3	0

²Guam Communicable Disease Dashboard



Additional Information



Scan the QR Code to visit the <u>Guam Communicable Disease Dashboard</u>.

For additional information or for general inquiries, please contact <u>dphss.surveillance@dphss.guam.gov</u>.



Surveillance data are compiled by one or more of the following members of the Surveillance team: Danelynn Albert, Angelika Argao, Aaron Arizala, Deanne Tandoc



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